

This Listing of Claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

Claim 1 (Original) A bidirectional photothyristor chip, comprising:
a first photothyristor portion and a second photothyristor portion formed away from each other on a surface of one semiconductor chip; and
a channel isolation region formed on the surface of the semiconductor chip over almost the entire width thereof for separating a channel of the first photothyristor portion and a channel of the second photothyristor portion,
the channel isolation region extending in a direction intersecting with the channel of the first photothyristor portion and the channel of the second photothyristor portion.

Claim 2 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein
the respective photothyristor portions include a first diffusion layer that has a first conductive type and a second diffusion layer that has a second conductive type, and
the respective diffusion layers are disposed in parallel with the channel isolation region with the channel isolation region interposed therebetween.

Claim 3 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 2, wherein
the first diffusion layer of the first photothyristor portion and the second diffusion layer of the second photothyristor portion are electrically connected to each other, while the second diffusion layer of the first photothyristor portion and the first diffusion layer of the second photothyristor portion are electrically connected to each other.

Claim 4 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein
the channel isolation region is constituted of a dicing groove formed on the surface of the semiconductor chip.

Claim 5 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein
the semiconductor chip is constituted of an N-type silicon substrate, and

the channel isolation region is constituted by including an oxygen doped semi-insulating polycrystalline silicon film doped with phosphorus formed on a surface of the N-type silicon substrate.

Claim 6 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein the semiconductor chip is constituted of an N-type silicon substrate, and the channel isolation region is constituted by including an oxygen-doped semi-insulating polycrystalline silicon film formed in contact with the surface of the N-type silicon substrate.

Claim 7 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein the channel isolation region is constituted by including a short-circuit diode formed on the surface of the semiconductor chip.

Claim 8 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein the respective photothyristor portions have an anode diffusion region and a cathode diffusion region, and the anode diffusion region is disposed closer to a side of the channel isolation region than the cathode diffusion region.

Claim 9 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein the respective photothyristor portions have an anode diffusion region, a gate photoreceptor diffusion region and a cathode diffusion region, and the gate photoreceptor diffusion region is disposed closer to a side of the channel isolation region than the anode diffusion region.

Claim 10 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein the respective photothyristor portions include a PNPN section constituted of an anode diffusion region that has one conductive type out of N type and P type, a substrate that has the other conductive type out of N type and P type, a gate diffusion region that is opposed to the anode diffusion region and has the one conductive type, and a cathode diffusion region that is formed

oppositely to the anode diffusion region inside the gate diffusion region and has the other conductive type, and

a Schottky barrier diode is formed in between the gate diffusion region and the substrate, that constitute the PNPN section.

Claim 11 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 10, wherein the Schottky barrier diode is opposed to the cathode diffusion region and is also formed with a length equal to that of the cathode diffusion region and with a prescribed width.

Claim 12 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 11, wherein an area of the Schottky barrier diode is changed by changing the width of the Schottky barrier diode, and
a forward voltage of the Schottky barrier diode is controllable by changing the area of the Schottky barrier diode.

Claim 13 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 12, wherein the width of the Schottky barrier diode is so set that a forward voltage of the Schottky barrier diode is lower by not smaller than 20 mV than the forward voltage between the gate diffusion region and the substrate.

Claim 14 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 12, wherein a distance between the two diffusion regions located with interposition of the Schottky barrier diode is set to a distance at which the Schottky barrier diode can effect pinch-off within its withstand voltage.

Claim 15 (Original) The bidirectional photothyristor chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein the respective photothyristor portions include a PNPN section constituted of an anode diffusion region that has one conductive type out of N type and P type, a substrate that has the other conductive type out of N type and P type, a gate diffusion region that is opposed to the anode diffusion region and has the one conductive type, and a cathode diffusion region that is formed

oppositely to the anode diffusion region inside the gate diffusion region and has the other conductive type,

a gate resistance and a switching device are connected in parallel in between a base and an emitter electrode of an NPN transistor which is constituted of the cathode diffusion region, the gate diffusion region and the substrate and also constitutes the PNP section, and,

a control terminal of the switching device is connected to a base of a PNP transistor which is constituted of the anode diffusion region, the substrate and the gate diffusion region and also constitutes the PNP section.

Claim 16 (Original) The bidirectional photodiode chip as claimed in claim 1, wherein the semiconductor chip is constituted of an N-type silicon substrate, and on a back surface of the N-type silicon substrate, an N^+ layer doped with phosphorus at a concentration of not smaller than 10^{15} cm^{-3} and not larger than 10^{18} cm^{-3} is formed.

Claim 17 (Original) The bidirectional photodiode chip as claimed in claim 1, further comprising at least any two of:

a construction of the channel isolation region in the bidirectional photodiode chip as claimed in any one of Claims 4 to 7;

a construction of the PNP section in the bidirectional photodiode chip as claimed in claim 9 and a Schottky barrier diode; and

a construction of the N^+ layer on the back surface of the N-type silicon substrate in the bidirectional photodiode chip as claimed in claim 16.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended) A light-fired coupler comprising the bidirectional photodiode chip as claimed in ~~any one of claims claim~~ 1 to 17 and a light emitting diode.

Claim 19 (Original) A solid state relay comprising the light-fired coupler as claimed in claim 18 and a snubber circuit.